

BYLAWS
OF
BROADCOM FOUNDATION
A CALIFORNIA NONPROFIT PUBLIC BENEFIT CORPORATION

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**BYLAWS
OF
BROADCOM FOUNDATION**

A CALIFORNIA NONPROFIT PUBLIC BENEFIT CORPORATION

**ARTICLE I.
Name, Offices and Purposes**

Section 1.01 Name. The name of the corporation is Broadcom Foundation.

Section 1.02 Principal Office. The Board of Directors of the corporation (“Board”) shall determine where to locate the principal office of the corporation. By resolution, the Board may change the principal office from one location to another and may establish additional offices.

Section 1.03 Purposes. The corporation is a nonprofit public benefit corporation as described in the California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation Law (the “Law”). The property of the corporation is irrevocably dedicated to charitable purposes in a manner which meets the requirements of Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (“Internal Revenue Code”), and Sections 23701d and 214 of the California Revenue and Taxation Code.

**ARTICLE II.
Membership**

Section 2.01 Member. The sole member of the corporation shall be Broadcom Corporation, a California corporation (the “Member”).

Section 2.02 Rights of the Member. The Member shall have the right to vote, as set forth in these Bylaws, on the election of directors (other than those directors initially appointed by the Incorporator of the corporation), on the disposition of all or substantially all of the corporation’s assets, on any merger and its principal terms and any amendment to those terms,

on any election to dissolve the corporation and on any amendment or repeal of these Bylaws. In addition, the Member shall have all rights afforded to members under the Law.

Section 2.03 Proof of Action of the Member. The vote, written assent, or other action of the Member shall be evidenced by, and the corporation shall be entitled to rely upon, a certificate of the secretary or other officer of the Member stating (i) the actions taken by the Member, (ii) that such actions were taken in accordance with the articles of incorporation and bylaws of the Member, and (iii) the authorization of the Member for such certification.

Section 2.04 Regular Meetings of the Member.

(a) An annual meeting of the Member of the corporation shall be held on a date specified by the Board pursuant to Section 2.07 of these Bylaws.

(b) Meetings of the Member shall be held at any place within or outside California designated by the Board or by the written consent of the Member entitled to vote at such meeting given before or after the meeting. In the absence of any such designation, Member meetings shall be held at the corporation's principal office.

Section 2.05 Special Meetings of the Member.

(a) Special meetings of the Member for any purpose or purposes may be called at any time by the President or Chair of the corporation or by the Member.

(b) Written notice of the time and place of special meetings of the Member shall be given in the same manner as for special meetings of the corporation.

Section 2.06 Action by Written Consent. Any action required or permitted to be taken by the Member may be taken without a meeting, if the Member consents in writing to the action. The written consent shall be filed with the minutes of the meeting. The action by written consent shall have the same force and effect as a unanimous vote of the Member.

Section 2.07 Manner of Giving Notice. Notice of any meeting of the Member shall be given pursuant to Section 5511 of the Law.

Section 2.08 Liabilities of the Member. There shall be no membership fees, dues, or assessments. The Member shall not be personally liable to the corporation's creditors for any

indebtedness or liability, and any and all creditors of this corporation shall look only to the assets of this corporation for payment.

ARTICLE III.
Board of Directors

Section 3.01 Duties and Powers of the Board. Subject to any limitations in the corporation's Articles of Incorporation (the "Articles"), these Bylaws, and those powers expressly reserved to the Member, the Board shall manage the activities of the corporation and shall exercise or oversee the exercise of all corporate powers. The Board may delegate its duties and powers as it sees fit to the extent permitted by Law, *provided however*, that the activities and affairs of the corporation shall be managed and all corporate powers shall be exercised under the ultimate direction of the Board. The Board shall have all powers permitted to or conferred on a board of directors of a nonprofit public benefit corporation by Law, except as limited by the Articles, these Bylaws, and those powers expressly reserved to the Member.

Section 3.02 Number of Directors. The number of directors of the corporation shall be a minimum of one (1) and a maximum of nine (9) and shall be selected, and may be removed with or without cause, by the Member. The exact number of directors shall be fixed, within those limits, by a resolution adopted by the Board.

Section 3.03 Election and Term of Office. Other than directors initially elected by the Incorporator of the corporation (which directors shall hold office until the first annual election of directors), the directors shall be elected by the Member at the annual meeting of the Member and shall hold office until such person's successor is elected and qualified or until such person's death, retirement, resignation or removal. Directors elected to fill vacancies shall hold office until the next annual election of directors and until their successors are duly elected and qualified, unless sooner displaced.

Section 3.04 Interested Persons. No more than forty-nine percent (49%) of the directors serving at any one time may be “interested persons.” For purposes of this Section 3.04, an “interested person” is:

(a) Any person currently being compensated by the corporation for services rendered to it within the previous twelve (12) months, whether as a full-time or part-time employee, independent contractor, or otherwise, excluding any reasonable compensation paid to a director as a director; or

(b) Any brother, sister, ancestor, descendant, spouse, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, mother-in-law, or father-in-law of any person listed in Section 3.04(a) above.

Any violation of the provisions of this Section 3.04 shall not affect the validity or enforceability of any transaction entered into by the corporation.

Section 3.05 Resignation, Removal, and Vacancies.

(a) A director may resign effective upon giving written notice to the Chair of the Board (the “Chair”) if any, the President, the Secretary, or the Board, unless the notice specifies that the resignation shall be effective at a later time; *provided, however,* that a director may not resign without permission of the Attorney General in a case where the corporation would be left without a duly elected director in charge of its affairs.

(b) The Board may remove a director who fails to fulfill his or her duties, including failing to attend meetings of the Board or failing to fulfill tasks designated by the Board; *provided, however,* that such removal must be authorized by an affirmative vote of the Member.

(c) The Board may fill vacancies between meetings of the Member by a majority vote of directors then in office. A director elected to fill a vacancy shall hold office until the scheduled meeting of the Member’s board of directors, the expiration of the term of the replaced director, or until his or her successor has been elected and qualified, whichever occurs first.

(d) The Member may remove a director at any time without cause.

(e) A vacancy in the Board shall be deemed to exist upon the occurrence of the death, resignation, or removal of any director, or if the authorized number of directors is increased.

(f) The Board may declare vacant the office of a director who has been declared of unsound mind by a final order of court, or is convicted of a felony, or

has been found by a final order or judgment of any court to have breached a duty to the corporation.

Section 3.06 Place of Meetings. The Board may meet at any place designated in the notice of the meeting or, if not stated in the notice or if there is no notice, as designated by the Board.

Section 3.07 Annual Meetings. The Board shall hold an annual meeting to conduct all business as may properly come before the Board. The annual meeting shall take place at such time and place as determined by resolution of the Board.

Section 3.08 Regular Meetings. Regular meetings of the Board shall be held at such time and place as may be fixed by the Board.

Section 3.09 Special Meetings. Special meetings of the Board for any purpose may be called at any time by the Chair (if any), the President, any Vice-President, the Secretary, or any two (2) directors.

Section 3.10 Notice. Annual, regular and special meetings of the Board shall be held upon at least four (4) days' notice by first-class mail or forty-eight (48) hours' notice given personally or by telephone, electronic mail, facsimile, or other equivalent means of communication. Such notice shall contain the date, time, and place of the meeting and the agenda of business to be discussed at such meeting.

Any such notice shall be addressed or delivered to each director at his or her address or contact number as it is shown upon the records of the corporation, or, if such address or number is not shown on such records or is not readily ascertainable, at the principal place of business of the corporation.

Notice by mail shall be deemed to have been given at the time that the notice is deposited in the United States mails, postage prepaid. Any other written notice shall be deemed

to have been given at the time it is personally delivered to the recipient or to a common carrier for transmission. Notice by electronic mail shall be deemed to have been given when it is actually transmitted by the person sending the notice by electronic means to the recipient. Oral notice shall be deemed to have been given at the time it is communicated, in person or by telephone, to the recipient or to a person at the office of the recipient who, the person giving the notice has reason to believe, will promptly communicate it to the recipient.

Section 3.11 Quorum and Action of the Board.

(a) A majority of directors currently in office (but no fewer than two) constitutes a quorum of the Board (unless the number of directors is one, in which case one director constitutes a quorum) for the transaction of business, except for purposes of adjournment as provided in Section 3.14 of these Bylaws. Unless a greater number is expressly required by law, the Articles or these Bylaws, every action taken or decision made by a majority of the directors present at a meeting duly held at which a quorum is present is the act of the Board; *provided, however*, that a meeting at which a quorum is initially present may continue to transact business notwithstanding the withdrawal of directors, if any action taken is approved by at least a majority of the required quorum for such meeting.

(b) The following actions shall require a vote by a majority of *all* directors then in office in order to be effective.

(i) creation or dissolution of a committee of the Board (as provided in Section 3.16), an advisory committee (as provided in Section 3.18), or an audit committee (as provided in Section 3.19); and

(ii) the dissolution of the corporation and winding up of business; *provided, however*, that such dissolution and winding up must also be authorized by an affirmative vote of the Member.

Section 3.12 Participation in Meetings by Conference Telephone. Directors may participate in meetings of the Board through the use of conference telephone or equivalent communications equipment, so long as directors participating in the meeting can hear one another. Participation in a meeting pursuant to this Section 3.12 constitutes presence in person at the meeting.

Section 3.13 Waiver of Notice. Notice of a meeting need not be given to any director who signed a waiver of notice or a written consent to holding the meeting or an approval of the minutes thereof, whether before or after the meeting, or who attends the meeting without protesting, before or at its commencement, the lack of notice to such director. All such waivers, consents and approvals shall be filed with the corporate records or made a part of the minutes of the meetings.

Section 3.14 Adjournment. A majority of the directors present, whether or not a quorum is present, may adjourn any meeting to another time and place. If the meeting is adjourned for more than twenty-four (24) hours, notice of any adjournment to another time or place shall be given prior to the time of the adjourned meeting to the directors who were not present at the time of the adjournment.

Section 3.15 Action Without Meeting.

(a) Any action required or permitted to be taken by the Board may be taken without a meeting, if all directors consent in writing to such action. Such written consents shall be filed with the minutes of the proceedings of the Board and shall have the same force and effect as the unanimous vote of such directors taken at a meeting.

(b) Directors may consent, vote, or otherwise take action under this Section 3.15 by a signed document transmitted by mail, messenger, courier, facsimile, or any other reasonable method satisfactory to the Chair (if any) or the President.

Section 3.16 Committees of the Board. The Board may, by resolution adopted by a majority of the number of directors then in office, create one or more committees of the Board (“Board Committee”), each consisting of at least two directors, to serve at the pleasure of the Board. Board Committees may be standing (no set term) or special (set term). Appointments of directors to Board Committees shall be made by the Board. Any such Board Committee, to the extent provided in a resolution of the Board, may be given the authority of the Board except with respect to:

- (a) The approval of any action for which the Law requires approval of the Board or of a majority of the Board;
- (b) The filling of vacancies on the Board or in any Board Committee;
- (c) The amendment or repeal of any resolution of the Board which by its express terms is not so amendable or repealable;
- (d) The appointment of Board Committees or the members thereof;
- (e) The expenditure of corporate funds to support a nominee for director after there are more people nominated for director than can be elected; or
- (f) The approval of any self-dealing transaction, as defined in § 5233(a) of the Law or any successor provision thereto.

Section 3.17 Meetings and Actions of Board Committees. Regular and special meetings and actions of Board Committees shall be governed by the provisions of this Article III applicable to meetings and actions of the Board; *provided, however,* that the Board may adopt rules for the conduct of the business of any Board Committee consistent with these Bylaws, or in the absence of rules adopted by the Board, the Board Committee may adopt such rules.

Section 3.18 Advisory Committees. The Board may, by resolution adopted by a majority of the number of directors then in office, create one or more advisory committees to serve at the pleasure of the Board. Each advisory committee shall have at least one (1) director as a member at all times. Other appointments to such advisory committees need not, but may, be directors. The Board shall appoint and discharge advisory committee members. All actions and recommendations of an advisory committee shall require ratification by the Board before being given effect.

Section 3.19 Audit Committee. If the corporation is required to file reports with the California Attorney General and the corporation receives or accrues in any fiscal year gross revenue of two million dollars (\$2,000,000) or more, exclusive of grants from, and contracts for

services with, governmental entities for which the governmental entity requires an accounting of the funds received, the corporation shall do the following:

(a) Prepare annual financial statements using generally accepted accounting principles that are audited by an independent certified public accountant in conformity with generally accepted auditing standards. For any nonaudit services performed by the firm conducting the audit, the firm, and its individual auditors shall adhere to the standards for auditor independence set forth in the latest revision of the Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (the Yellow Book). If the corporation is under the control of another organization, the controlling organization may prepare a consolidated financial statement. The audited financial statements shall be made available for inspection by the Attorney General and by members of the public no later than nine months after the close of the fiscal year to which the statements relate. The corporation shall make such annual audited financial statements available to the public in the same manner that is prescribed for IRS Form 990 by the latest revision of Section 6104(d) of the Internal Revenue Code, and associated regulations.

(b) Have an audit committee appointed by the Board. Notwithstanding Section 3.16 of these Bylaws, the audit committee shall consist of at least one director, and may also include persons who are not members of the Board. The audit committee shall not include any members of the staff, including the President (or chief executive officer) and the Chief Financial Officer (whether or not such persons are unpaid volunteers). The audit committee may have as few as one (1) member. If the corporation has a finance committee, it must be separate from the audit committee. Members of the finance committee may serve on the audit committee. The chairperson of the audit committee may not be a member of the finance committee. Members of the finance committee shall constitute less than one-half of the membership of the audit committee. Members of the audit committee shall not receive any compensation from the corporation in excess of the compensation, if any, then received by members of the Board for service on the Board. Members of the audit committee shall not have a material financial interest in any entity doing business with the corporation. If the corporation is under the control of another corporation, the audit committee may be part of the board of directors of the controlling corporation. Subject to the supervision of the Board, the audit committee shall be responsible for recommending to the Board the retention and termination of the independent auditor and may negotiate the independent auditor's compensation, on behalf of the Board. The audit committee shall confer with the auditor to satisfy its members that the financial affairs of the corporation are in order, shall review and determine whether to accept the audit, shall assure that any nonaudit services performed by the auditing firm conform with standards for auditor independence referred to in Section 3.19(a), and shall approve performance of nonaudit services by the auditing firm, if any.

Section 3.20 Fees and Compensation. The corporation shall not pay any compensation to directors for services rendered to the corporation as directors, except that directors may be reimbursed for expenses incurred in the performance of their duties to the corporation, in reasonable amounts as approved by the Board.

ARTICLE IV. Officers

Section 4.01 Officers. The officers of the corporation shall be a President, a Secretary, and a Chief Financial Officer. The corporation may also have, at the discretion of the Board, a Chair. The Board shall have the power to designate additional officers of the corporation, who need not be directors, with such duties, powers, titles, and privileges as the Board may fix. Any number of offices may be held by the same person except that neither the Secretary nor the Chief Financial Officer may serve concurrently as President or Chair.

Section 4.02 Election. The officers of the corporation (except such officers as may be elected or appointed in accordance with the provisions of Section 4.03 or Section 4.05 of this Article IV) shall be chosen annually by, and shall serve at the pleasure of, the Board, and shall hold their respective offices until their resignation, removal, or other disqualification from service, or until their respective successors are elected and qualified.

Section 4.03 Chair of the Board's Power to Appoint Officers. The Board may empower the Chair, or if none, the President, to appoint or remove such other officers as the business of the corporation may require, each of whom shall hold office for such period, having such authority, and perform such duties as are provided in these Bylaws or as the Board from time to time may determine.

Section 4.04 Removal and Resignation.

(a) Any officer may be removed with or without cause by the Board at any time or by any officer upon whom such power of removal may be conferred by the Board.

(b) Any officer may resign at any time by giving written notice to the corporation without prejudice to the rights, if any, of the corporation under any contract to which the officer is a party. Any such resignation shall take effect at the date of the receipt of such notice or at any later time specified therein.

Section 4.05 Vacancies. A vacancy in any office because of death, resignation, removal, disqualification, or any other cause shall be filled in the manner prescribed in these Bylaws for regular election or appointment to such office, *provided, however*, that such vacancies may be filled as they occur and not necessarily at the annual meeting.

Section 4.06 Chair of the Board. The Chair, if any, shall preside at, or, if unavailable, shall designate another member of the Board to preside at, all meetings of the Board. The Chair shall exercise and perform such other powers and duties as may be assigned from time to time by the Board. There shall be no limit on the term of a Chair as Chair, except as relates to the Chair's status as director.

Section 4.07 President. Subject to such powers as may be given by the Board to the Chair, if any, the President is the general manager and chief executive officer of the corporation and, subject to the control of the Board, shall have general supervision, direction, and control of the business and officers of the corporation. In the absence of the Chair, or if there is none, the President shall preside at all meetings of the Board. The President has the general powers and duties of management usually vested in the office of president and general manager of a corporation and such other powers and duties as may be prescribed by the Board.

Section 4.08 Vice-Presidents. In the absence or disability of the President, the Vice-Presidents, if any, are appointed in order of their rank as fixed by the Board or, if not ranked, a Vice-President designated by the Board, shall perform all the duties of the President and, when

so acting, shall have all the powers of, and be subject to all the restrictions upon, the President.

Vice-Presidents shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as from time to time may be prescribed for them by the Board.

Section 4.09 Secretary.

(a) The Secretary shall keep or cause to be kept, at the principal office of the corporation or such other place as the Board may order, a book of minutes of all meetings of the Board and any Board Committees. The minutes shall include the time and place of meetings, whether annual, regular, or special, and if special, how authorized, the notice thereof given, the names of those present at meetings of the Board and of the Board Committees, and the proceedings thereof. The Secretary shall keep, or cause to be kept, at the principal office of the corporation, the original or a copy of the corporation's Articles and Bylaws, as amended.

(b) The Secretary shall give, or cause to be given, notice of all meetings of the Board and its committees of the Board required by law or by these Bylaws to be given, shall keep the seal of the corporation, if any, in safe custody, and shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board.

Section 4.10 Chief Financial Officer.

(a) The Chief Financial Officer shall keep and maintain, or cause to be kept and maintained, adequate and correct books and accounts of the properties and business transactions of the corporation. The books of account shall be open at all reasonable times to inspection by a director.

(b) The Chief Financial Officer shall deposit, or cause to be deposited, all money and other valuables in the name and to the credit of the corporation with such depositories as may be designated by the Board. The Chief Financial Officer shall disburse the funds of the corporation as may be ordered by the Board, shall render to the President and the directors, whenever requested, an account of all transactions as Chief Financial Officer and of the financial condition of the corporation, and shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board.

Section 4.11 Compensation. The Board shall decide all matters relating to the compensation of any officer. No salaried officer serving on the Board shall be permitted to vote on his or her own compensation as an officer. The Board, or an authorized Board Committee, shall review and approve the compensation, including benefits, of the President (or Chief Executive Officer) and the Chief Financial Officer to assure that it is just and reasonable. This

review and approval shall occur initially upon the hiring of such officer, whenever the term of employment, if any, of the officer is renewed or extended, and whenever the officer's compensation is modified. Separate review and approval shall not be required if a modification of compensation extends to substantially all employees. If the corporation is affiliated with other charitable corporations, the requirements of this Section 4.11 shall be satisfied if review and approval is obtained from the board, or an authorized committee of the board, of the charitable corporation that makes retention and compensation decisions regarding a particular individual.

**ARTICLE V.
Indemnification and Insurance**

Section 5.01 Indemnification. The corporation shall, to the maximum extent permitted by the Law, indemnify each of its directors, officers, employees, and agents against expenses, judgments, fines, settlements, and other amounts actually and reasonably incurred in connection with any proceeding arising by reason of the fact that any such person is or was a director, officer, or agent of the corporation, and shall advance to such person expenses incurred in defending any such proceeding to the maximum extent permitted by the Law. For purposes of this Section 5.01 a “director,” “officer,” “employee,” or “agent” of the corporation includes any person who is or was a director or officer of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director or officer of a corporation which was a predecessor corporation of the corporation or of another enterprise at the request of such predecessor corporation. The Board may, in its discretion, provide by resolution for indemnification of, or advance of expenses to, other agents of the corporation, and likewise may refuse to provide for such indemnification or advance of expenses except to the extent such indemnification is mandatory under the Law.

Section 5.02 Insurance. The corporation shall have the power to purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any director, officer, employee, or agent of the corporation against any liability asserted against or incurred by such person in such capacity or arising out of the person's status as such, whether or not the corporation would have the power to indemnify the person against such liability under the provisions of this Article V, *provided, however*, that the corporation shall have no power to purchase and maintain such insurance to indemnify any person in respect of a violation of Section 5233 of the Law (relating to self-dealing) or any successor provision.

ARTICLE VI. Miscellaneous

Section 6.01 Fiscal Year. The fiscal year of the corporation shall be the calendar year unless otherwise fixed by the Board.

Section 6.02 Corporate Seal. The corporate seal, if any, shall be in such form as may be approved from time to time by the Board.

Section 6.03 Checks, Notes, and Contracts. The Board shall determine which persons shall be authorized from time to time on the corporation's behalf to sign checks, drafts, or other orders for payment of money; to sign acceptance notes, or other evidences of indebtedness; to enter into contracts; or to execute and deliver other documents and instruments.

Section 6.04 Endorsements of Documents; Contracts. Subject to the provisions of applicable law, any note, mortgage, evidence of indebtedness, contract, conveyance or other instrument in writing and any assignment or endorsement thereof executed or entered into between the corporation and any other person, when signed by both the Chair, the President or any Vice-President, and the Secretary, any Assistant Secretary, the Chief Financial Officer or any Assistant Chief Financial Officer, shall be valid and binding on the corporation in the

absence of actual knowledge on the part of the other person that the signing officers had no authority to execute the same. Any such instruments may be signed by any other person or persons and in such manner as from time to time shall be determined by the Board, and, unless so authorized by the Board, no officer, agent, or employee shall have any power or authority to bind the corporation by any contract or engagement or to pledge its credit or to render it liable for any purpose or amount.

Section 6.05 Representation of Shares of Other Corporations. The Chair, or any other officer or officers authorized by the Board or the Chair, are each authorized to vote, represent, and exercise on behalf of the corporation all rights incident to any and all shares of any other corporation or corporations standing in the name of the corporation. The authority herein granted may be exercised either by such officer in person or by any other person authorized to do so by proxy or power of attorney duly executed by said officer.

Section 6.06 Construction and Definitions. Unless the context otherwise requires, the general provisions, rules of construction, and definitions contained in the Law shall govern the construction of these Bylaws.

Section 6.07 Amendment of Articles and Bylaws. The Articles and Bylaws may only be adopted, amended, or repealed in whole or in part by a vote of the Member.

Section 6.08 Maintenance of Certain Records. The accounting books, records, and minutes of proceedings of the Board and of the executive committee, if any, of the Board shall be kept at such place or places designated by the Board, or, in the absence of such designation, at the principal business office of the corporation. The minutes shall be kept in written or typed form, and the accounting books and records shall be kept either in written or typed form, or in any other form capable of being converted into written, typed, or printed form.

Section 6.09 Annual Report. No later than one hundred twenty (120) days after the close of the corporation's fiscal year, the corporation shall make available to each director an annual report in accordance with Section 6321 of the Law, which shall be accompanied by any report of independent accountants or, if there is no such accountant's report, the certificate of an authorized officer of the corporation that such statements were prepared without audit from the books and records of the corporation.

Section 6.10 Annual Statement of Certain Transactions and Indemnifications. The corporation shall make available to its directors an annual statement affixed to the annual report described in Section 6.09 of these Bylaws which briefly describes (a) any transaction(s) during the previous fiscal year involving both (i) the corporation and either a director or officer of the corporation (or its parent or subsidiary) or any holder of more than ten percent (10%) of the voting power of the corporation (or its parent or its subsidiary) and (ii) more than \$50,000; or (b) any indemnifications or advances aggregating more than \$10,000 paid during the fiscal year to any officer or director of the corporation.

Section 6.11 Loans to Directors and Officers. The corporation shall not make any loan of money or property to or guarantee the obligation of any director or officer, unless approved by the Attorney General; *provided, however*, that the corporation may advance money to a director or officer of the corporation or of its parent or any subsidiary for expenses reasonably anticipated to be incurred in the performance of the duties of such director or officer, provided that in the absence of such advance, such director or officer would be entitled to be reimbursed for such expenses by the corporation, its parent, or any subsidiary. The provisions of this Section 6.11 do not apply to (1) the payment of premiums in whole or in part by the corporation on a life insurance policy of a director or officer so long as repayment to the corporation of the amount

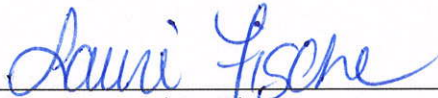
paid by it is secured by the proceeds of the policy and its cash surrender value; or (2) a loan of money to or for the benefit of an officer in circumstances where it is necessary, in the judgment of the Board, to provide financing for the purchase of the principal residence of the officer in order to secure the services or continued services of the officer and the loan is secured by real property located in the state of California.

[signature page follows]

THIS IS TO CERTIFY:

That I am the duly elected, qualified, and acting Secretary of Broadcom Foundation and that the foregoing Bylaws were adopted as the Bylaws of the corporation as of April 30, 2009 by the Board of the corporation.

Dated: April 30, 2009



Name: Lauri D. Fischer

Title: Secretary